

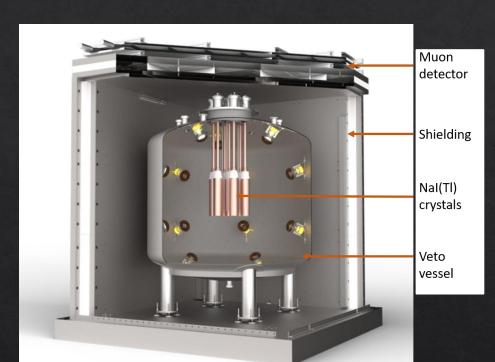


# SABRE South NaI BiPo characterisation

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#### SABRE

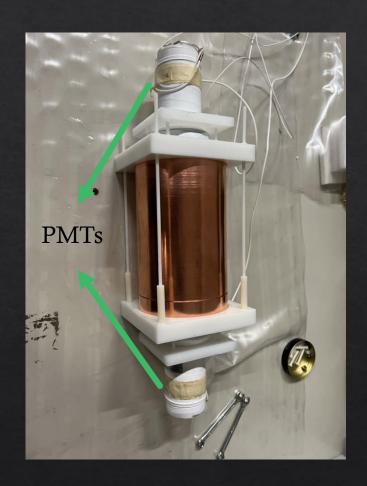
- SABRE South part of SABRE international collaboration NaI dark matter detector
- ♦ Aim is to confirm or refute annual modulation claims by DAMA/LIBRA at LNGS, Italy
- Annual modulation is approximately 0.01 cpd/kg/keV, whereas the background is expected to be 1 cpd/kg/keV in the 1-6 keV region of interest
- Characterisation of intrinsic backgrounds <sup>238</sup>U, <sup>232</sup>Th, <sup>210</sup>Pb important
- Expected in the ppb levels
- SABRE focusing on development of ultra-pure NaI.



Cut-out view of a 3D rendering of SABRE. Credit: Michael Mews (The University of Melbourne)

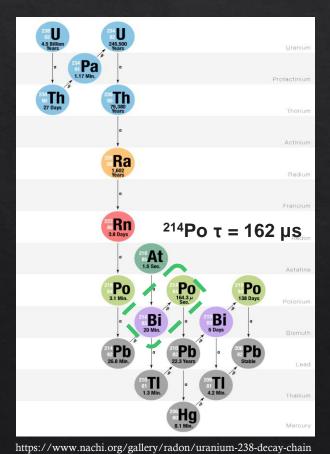
#### NaI-035

- ♦ Set-up to measure backgrounds in LNGS, Italy
- Crystal encapsulated and wrapped in reflective material
- ♦ 2 x Hamamtsu 3" 11065 PMTs
- ♦ Two sets of runs since May 2022:
  - ♦ Low Gain
  - ♦ High Gain
- ♦ This work: Characterisation of <sup>238</sup>U and <sup>232</sup>Th in NaI-035

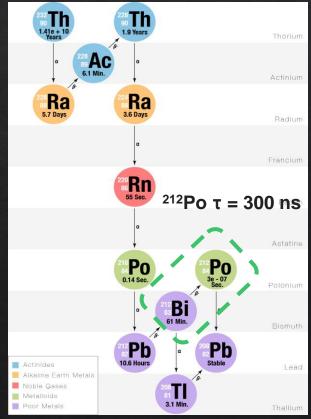


# BiPo Decay

"Slow BiPo"  $^{214}\text{Bi} \xrightarrow{\beta} ^{214}\text{Po} \xrightarrow{\alpha} ^{210}\text{Pb}$ 



"Fast BiPo"  $^{212}\text{Bi} \stackrel{\beta}{\rightarrow} ^{212}\text{Po} \stackrel{\alpha}{\rightarrow} ^{208}\text{Pb}$ 



https://www.nachi.org/gallery/radon/thoron-decay-chain

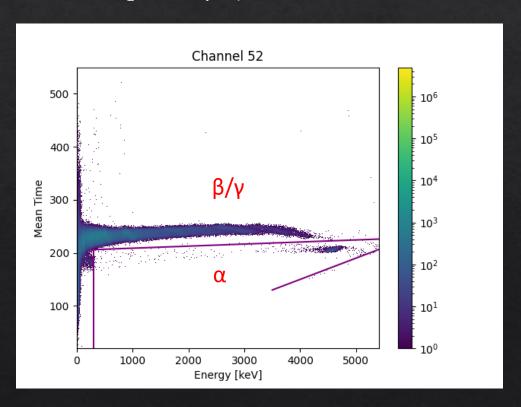
#### Slow BiPo

- $\Leftrightarrow$  Looking for β followed by an α with  $t_{1/2} = 162 \mu s$ 
  - $\diamond$  Digitiser recording window = 5 µs
  - ♦ Two events in quick succession
- NaI has pulse shape discrimination:
  - ♦ Different integrated charge deposit alphas more energy deposit
  - Different amplitude weighted mean times

Amplitude weighted mean time 
$$\langle t \rangle_{600} = \frac{\sum\limits_{t_i < 600 \text{ ns}} h_i t_i}{\sum\limits_{t_i < 600 \text{ ns}} h_i}$$

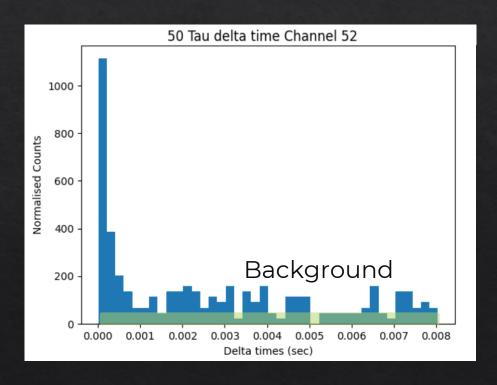
# Separation of $\beta/\alpha$ using Mean Time and Charge

- Plot MT vs Energy for summed channels
- $\diamond$  Prepare cuts and separate  $\beta/\gamma$  and  $\alpha$



#### Calculate time difference

- ♦ Look out to events with  $\Delta(t_{\alpha} t_{\beta}) < \Delta n\tau$
- Fit data to exponential decay with background
- $\Rightarrow PDF = N(1 + Re^{-\lambda t})$ 
  - N can be found by normalising the PDF
  - ♦ R ratio of decay component to the background.



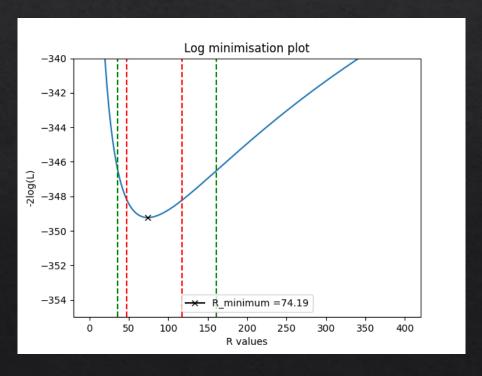
# Find Background Rate

- ♦ Look out to events with  $\Delta(t_{\alpha} t_{\beta}) < \Delta n\tau$
- Fit data to exponential decay with background
- $\Rightarrow PDF = N(1 + Re^{-\lambda t})$
- ♦ R found calculating using a likelihood analysis  $L_{max} = \prod(PDF_i)$

$$L_{max} = \Gamma(\Gamma D \Gamma_i)$$

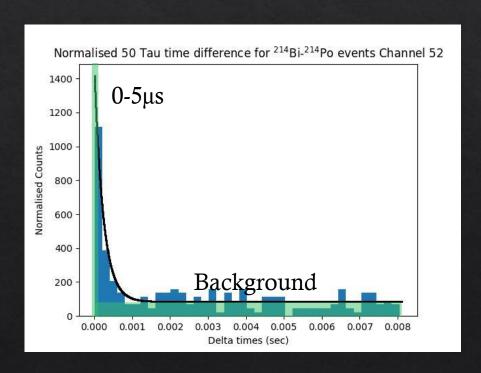
$$L_{min} = -\sum log(PDF_i)$$

 Fit an exponential to the Δnτ data



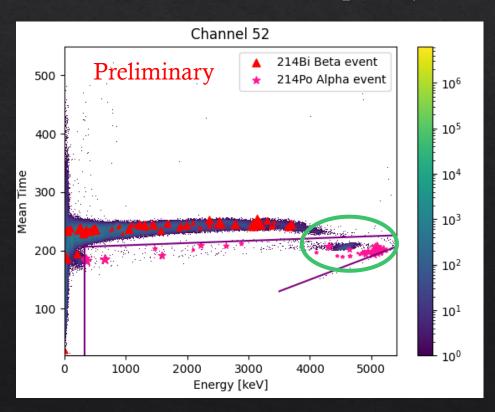
# Find Background Rate

- Digitiser collection window = 5μs
  - ♦ We could miss BiPo events in this window
  - $\Leftrightarrow$  Fraction of missed events = 1 exp( $-\lambda*5\mu s$ )  $\approx 2\%$

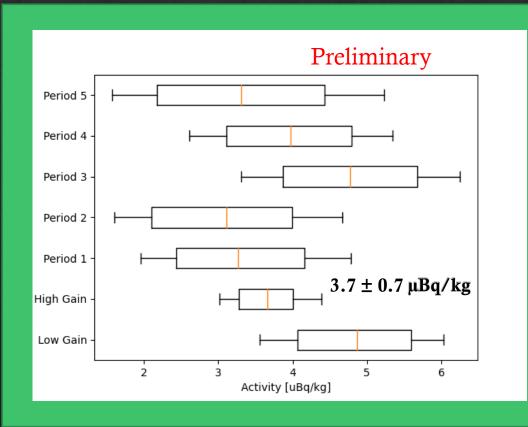


# Find Background Rate

- $\diamond$  Digitiser collection window = 5µs
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#### Results



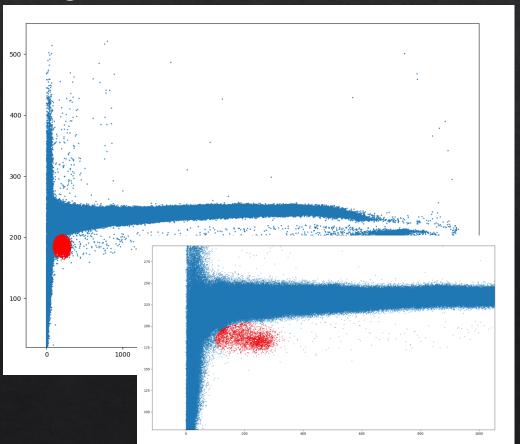
Data set	Duration (days)
Low Gain	~ 13
High Gain	~ 60
High Gain Period 1- 4	~ 12
High Gain Period 5	~ 9

NaI-033:  $5.9 \pm 0.6 \,\mu\text{Bq/kg}$ 

Mass NaI-035 - 3.7 kg

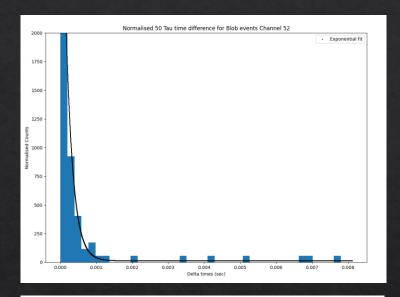
### Blob

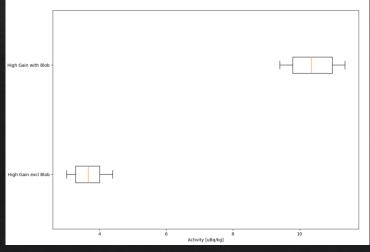
- ♦ Region should not normally be present
- Present in High and Low Gain data



# Analysis on Blob

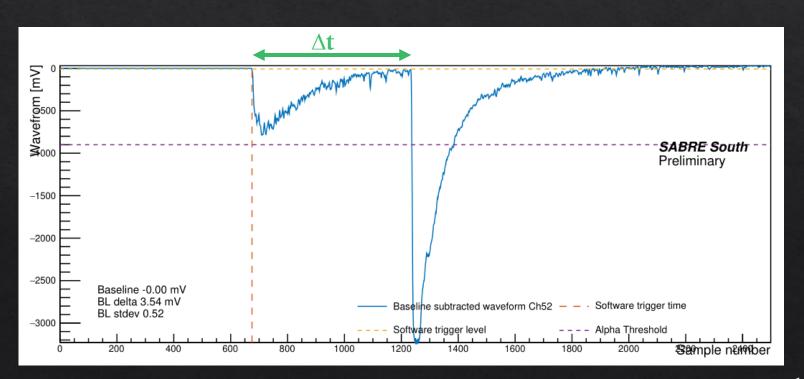
- Can fit an exponential
- $\diamond$  Can calculate  $t_{1/2}$  that fits to this:
  - $\Leftrightarrow$  140  $\pm$  25  $\mu$ s
- Approximately 10.4 ± 0.9 μBq/kg
- $\Leftrightarrow$  Compared to 3.7 ± 0.7  $\mu$ Bq/kg
- Working toward
   determining if this
   needs to be included in
   α





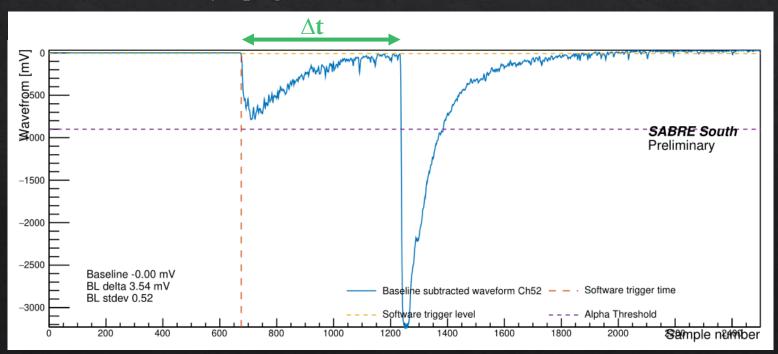
#### Fast BiPo

- $\diamond$  Looking for  $\beta$  followed by an  $\alpha$  with  $\tau = 300$  ns
  - $\diamond$  Digitiser recording window = 5  $\mu$ s
  - ♦ Look in one trigger



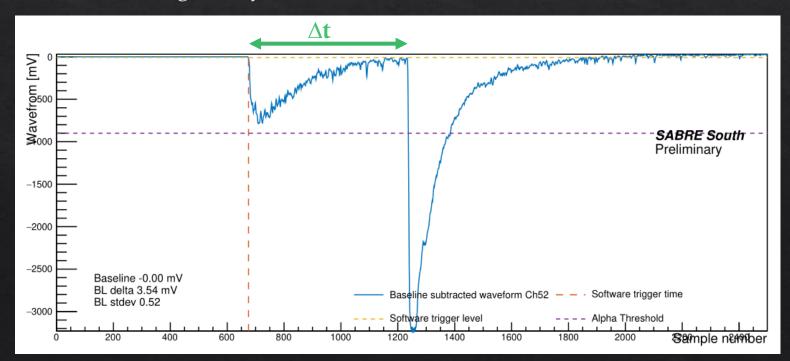
#### Fast BiPo

- Set Alpha trigger threshold
  - $\Leftrightarrow$  Set a minimum  $\Delta t$
  - ♦ Requires some experimentation
- $\Leftrightarrow$  Identified 26 events 1.4 ± 0.2 µBq/kg
- $\bullet$  NaI-033: 1.6 ± 0.2 µBq/kg



#### Issues

- $\diamond$  This leaves open to missing events, where the  $\beta$  peak is larger than the  $\alpha$  threshold
- ♦ ∆t currently set arbitrarily and could result in missed events
- ♦ Once we have good number, we can do a similar analysis to slow BiPo
- Must look through many waveforms.



#### Future Work

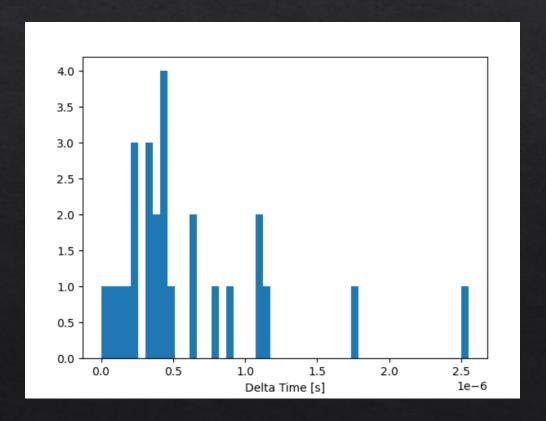
- $\Leftrightarrow$  Before getting custom algorithm, we can explore lowering (negative) the α threshold to the <sup>212</sup>Bi β energy
- ♦ Fit exponential to ∆t and do analysis similar to slow BiPo
- Compare to Low Gain

#### Conclusion

- ♦ Developed a method to identify and analyse BiPo in the <sup>238</sup>U decay
- Determine if Blob should be included in α
- ♦ Developed the basic analysis and method to identify BiPo in the <sup>232</sup>Th decay
  - ♦ Needs algorithm improvements

#### Fast BiPo

- ♦ Set Alpha trigger threshold
  - ♦ Requires some experimentation
- ♦ Identified 26 events



# Blob Included Analysis

 $\diamond$  The following  $\Delta t$  distribution is for the blob included in the overall analysis.

